

## <u>Chapter 20:</u> The Southern Rhone

Climate and Grape Growing	<ul> <li>Flatter than the N. Rhone (S of Valence).</li> <li>Stony soils 'galets'- radiate and absorb sun's heats - esp in C-d-P</li> <li>Climate: Mediterranean (mild winter, warm summer - drought potential)         <ul> <li>Mistral winds - damaging</li> <li>Grenache = bush trained low; warm soil, protect from wind.</li> <li>Syrah = easily damaged - trellising systems used.</li> <li>Windbreaks planted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Grape varieties and winemaking	Red varieties         Grenache = dominating grape. Warm summers - ripens fully. Red fruit/spice         flavours. Jammy/cooked if too hot.         Syrah = adds colour and tannin - can struggle in hottest sites         Mourvedre = Northern limit of ripening - thrives in heat - deeply         coloured/high tannin - adds black fruit/game/meat. Prized in C-d-P         Cinsault = provides red fruit flavours - used in Rose blends         Winemaking         • WM must manage high tannin/alcohol         • Pre-fermentation maceration → warm extractive fermentation and maturation in large old oak vessels         • Blends from different techniques         • New oak only used by some - can overwhelm Grenache flavours.         • Light-med body/fresh/fruity/low tannin → high tannin/full body/game/meat/earth         White varieties         Clairette, Grenache Blanc, Bourboulenc, (Viognier, Marsanne, Rousanne)         Best = rich texture/full body/high alcohol/low-med acid/subtle fruit (new oak rarely used)
Generic Appeleations	<ul> <li>Cote du Rhone         <ul> <li>50% of production</li> <li>Medium body/simple/fruity - usually red</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cote du Rhone Villages         <ul> <li>Villages entitled to use name is 100% of grapes from that village, ie, Cairanne</li> <li>Stringent min. alcohol levels/yields control</li> <li>Greater % of blend GSM</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



	- Best wines outside of crus (all villages can apply for Cru status)
Crus	Châteauneuf-du-Pape         Largest cru - east bank of Rhone         First Appellation Controlee in France         Notably flat - some small variations in aspect         No of. Soil types and grapes (13 total) - diverse wines, ie, some 100%         Grenache or several varieties         Best = full-body/rich texture/spiced red fruit         Lots of poor quality high alcohol versions sold         Tavel and Lirac         2 Crus west of Rhone         Rose production (Tavel) - Grenache/Cinsault - more full-bodied/complex than         Provence - greater aging         Lirac - red + white in C-d-P style         Gigondas/Vacqueyras         Similar styles to C-d-P = Grenache led full-bodied/spicy red fruit         Beaumes de Venise - separate AC for fortified muscats (Muscat de Beaume-de-Venise).